

Advanced Training Council

*(For Approval of Advanced Training in
Head and Neck Endocrine Surgery)*

PROGRAM GUIDELINES

Qualifications and Duration of Fellowship in Head and Neck Endocrine Surgery

I. BACKGROUND

The Council for Approval of Advanced Training in Head and Neck Oncologic Surgery (then called Joint Training Council) was established in 1976/1977, through the cooperative efforts of the Committees on Education of the Society of Head and Neck Surgeons and the American Society for Head and Neck Surgery. The function of this Council was initially to evaluate and recommend to the Council of the American Head and Neck Society (joined two societies now termed the AHNS) programs worthy of accreditation of their fellowship training program. The responsibilities of the Advanced Training Council (ATC) have expanded to supervise the selection process for Fellowship positions (including oversight of the match), to certify Fellowship programs and to coordinate interactions between the Fellows, Fellowship Programs and the Executive Council. Specific actions by the ATC require the support of the Executive Council of the American Head and Neck Society.

All accredited programs are re-evaluated either at five-year intervals or when significant program changes occur (e.g., change in director or length of fellowship or request for additional fellow[s] in the program) or upon recommendation of the Training Council. This re-evaluation may or may not require a site visit. Recommendations are presented to the Executive Council of the American Head and Neck Society. Final authority and responsibility for all training issues is retained by the Executive Council of the American Head and Neck Society. The American Head and Neck Society awards a diploma to the fellow who successfully completes the fellowship and complies with the aforementioned requirements.

II. MISSION STATEMENT

Advanced Training Council:

The purpose of the Advanced Training Council is to supervise the specialized training of physicians preparing to assume leadership roles in the management of head and neck diseases with a focus on neoplasms.

III. SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS FOR FELLOWSHIP EDUCATION IN HEAD AND NECK ENDOCRINE SURGERY

A. Eligibility and Basic Requirements

1. Admission to a head and neck endocrine surgery fellowship program is contingent upon completion of an ACGME-accredited residency program in otolaryngology, general surgery, or plastic surgery or fulfillment of the requirements necessary to sit for the certification examination in one of these specialties by the respective American Board or the Canadian counterpart of the Royal College of Surgeons. The individual directors of the fellowship programs have discretion in deciding the minimum head and neck surgery experience required for admission to their respective fellowship programs.
2. International candidates for the Head and Neck Endocrine Surgery Fellowships must have completed an approved residency and be board eligible in his/her country of origin. This training must be considered equivalent in scope to the ACGME-accredited residency requirements for North American candidates. It is the responsibility of the individual Fellowship program directors to determine this equivalent status for international candidates applying to his/her program.
3. Upon recommendation of the director of the residency program and his/her documentation that the candidate has satisfactorily completed the residency, the candidate becomes eligible for a fellowship training program.

4. The fellowship program director and/or the director's designee in each individual training institution will be the curriculum advisor and counselor to the candidate.

B. Educational Program:

1. Essential and unique characteristics of a fellowship-trained head and neck endocrine surgeon:
 - a. The goals of the Advanced Training Council Fellowships have expanded to provide the training foundation for those individuals dedicated to careers in head and neck endocrine surgery through training in the areas of assessment, interdisciplinary management, and research of head and neck endocrine neoplastic and functional processes requiring surgery. This additional emphasis includes scholarship, critical analysis of clinical problems and development of additional skills in the performance of techniques required for the practice of the head and neck endocrine surgery, including consultation skills and interdisciplinary treatment planning, with emphasis on scholarship and knowledge or experience in basic and clinical research methodologies. Programs in head and neck endocrine surgery will be accredited only when affiliated or associated with an ACGME-accredited core program in general surgery, otolaryngology or plastic surgery.
 - b. The essentials of accredited residencies and the special requirements for residency training (in otolaryngology and general surgery) apply to the subspecialty of head and neck endocrine surgery in addition to the specific subspecialty requirements.
 - c. The duration of fellowship training will be a minimum of one year. After completing an accredited fellowship in head and neck endocrine surgery, the surgeon will possess the following unique characteristics:
 - i. The ability to manage a "tertiary referral" clinical practice in head and neck endocrine surgery,
 - ii. The ability to participate in continuing education and
 - iii. The ability to collaborate in translational research.
2. Fundamental components of the "Head and Neck Endocrine Surgery" fellowship include:
 - a. Direct participation in the evaluation, management and care of at least 150 patients with head and neck endocrine neoplastic processes. In addition to thyroid malignancies, these may include benign neoplasms of the head and neck endocrine organs (e.g., thyroid adenomas, goiter, parathyroid adenomas and hyperplasia etc.). Direct participation in the evaluation and management includes consultations that focus on both medical and surgical aspects of these patients. The fellow must be able to participate in the longitudinal care of these patients (evaluation, interdisciplinary management, follow-up).
 - b. The fellow should participate in a minimum of 100 major surgical procedures within the broad range of head and neck endocrine surgery. Separate procedures performed on the same patient may be counted individually. For example, a total thyroidectomy with neck dissection may represent two procedures. A tracheal resection with mobilization and primary tracheal anastomosis will represent one procedure, however if a pectoralis flap or free flap is utilized, this would be a second procedure.
 - c. Intensive exposure to the interdisciplinary management of head and neck endocrine surgery patients throughout the fellowship (including endocrine tumor board interdisciplinary planning conferences).
 - d. Rotations in head and neck ultrasonography, and endocrinology are required. A minimum of one month dedicated exposure to each of these disciplines is required. Significant training and exposure to cytology/pathology and nuclear medicine is highly recommended and rotations in these disciplines are suggested.
 - e. Participation in the development and implementation of interdisciplinary head and neck endocrine surgery research is strongly encouraged.

3. Duration of training:
 - a. It is not essential that all programs have exactly the same curriculum or the same sequence of experiences. All accredited programs must provide a sufficiently structured educational experience at an advanced level for the trainee to acquire the experience necessary to be a specialist in the field.
 - b. All programs must be a minimum of 12 months of clinical training duration.
 - c. Programs that offer a minimum of 12 months clinical training will be designated “Fellowship Program in Head and Neck Endocrine Surgery”, whereas two-year (or greater) programs that include a dedicated research experience will be termed “Fellowship Program in Head and Neck Endocrine Surgery and Research”. The descriptor of the training program is based upon the content of the year(s) of training.
 - d. A Head and Neck Endocrine Surgery fellowship provides distinct, dedicated training in head and neck endocrine surgery and is not to be admixed or blended with simultaneous training in Head and Neck Oncologic Surgery fellowship unless two years of dedicated training.

IV. RESOURCES

- A. Sponsoring and Participating Institutions: A subspecialty program in head and neck endocrine surgery must have one sponsoring academic institution with primary responsibility for the entire program. When the resources of two or more institutions are used, inter-institutional agreements must be developed by the institutional governing boards. There must be a clear educational rationale for the inclusion of participating institutions in the program.
- B. Institution Support – Facilities, Faculty and Resources:
 1. Facilities:
 - a. Adequate institutional support must be provided to insure meeting rooms, classrooms, office space, computer facilities, library, state-of-the-art equipment and diagnostic, therapeutic and research facilities.
 - b. The institution is required to provide salary and benefits appropriate to the level of training for the fellow. Funds should be available for attendance at the annual meeting of the American Head and Neck Society, American Thyroid Association or the American Association of Endocrine Surgeons.
 2. Faculty:
 - a. The program director must be a member of the AHNS and be certified by the ABS, ABO or ABPS, or possess equivalent qualifications.
 - b. The program director shall have administrative responsibility for the head and neck endocrine surgery teaching program and should possess the skills of administrator, clinician, teacher and researcher. The program director must contribute sufficient time to the program to assure adequate leadership and must meet the criteria as listed below in IVB2.c regarding experience.
 - c. The program director must be **“experienced”** in head and neck endocrine surgery and must possess qualifications to insure proper instruction and supervision of trainees. It is advised that at least two total surgical faculty members with expertise and experience in head and neck endocrine surgery should be committed to the program. **“Experience”** is defined as five years of clinical head and neck endocrine surgery practice, including a minimum of 75 new head and neck endocrine patients per year (375 patients over five years). For those practitioners who have a less intensive volume, this can be simply calculated as number of patients seen per year over a time-period. An equivalent would therefore be a minimum of 50 head and neck endocrine patients per year over 7 years of practice. It is encouraged that at least two faculty members must maintain a clinical patient volume as defined above.
 - d. The program director must demonstrate an interest in teaching and must engage in scholarly pursuits. Evidence of a track record in education and mentorship and participation in regional and national scientific societies, presentation and

publication of scientific studies and/or active participation in research as it pertains to head and neck oncology is required.

- e. The faculty should have a direct teaching responsibility for fellows in both the ambulatory and surgical setting. The utilization of fellows exclusively for expansion of clinical practice potential or residency training is strictly prohibited.
 - f. Head and neck endocrine surgery faculty preceptors should be active or senior members of the American Head and Neck Society. Other interdisciplinary faculty should be active members of similar subspecialty societies, such as American Thyroid Association (endocrinologists), diagnostic imaging societies supporting ultrasound diagnostic imaging specialists, and nuclear medicine societies.
3. Program resources:
- a. Training programs must provide an intellectual environment for acquiring the knowledge, skills, clinical judgment and attitudes that are essential to the practice of the subspecialty of head and neck endocrine surgery. These objectives can only be achieved when the program leadership, supporting staff and faculty and the sponsoring institution are fully committed to the educational program and when appropriate resources and facilities are available. Service commitments must not compromise the achievement of educational goals and objectives. Institutional policies must ensure that adequate resources are committed to the training program and assure cooperation and participation of all involved disciplines.
 - b. State-of-the-art facilities to accomplish the educational objectives and research objectives of the program, such as advanced pathology services, informatics, resources for medical imaging, and nutritional support services, must be available. The trainee must have access to pathologists, cytologists, ultrasonographers, oncologists, radiologists and basic scientists (when such research fellowship is applicable) with recognized expertise in head and neck endocrine surgery and related specialties.
 - c. Sufficient clinical material must be available to assure exposure to the broad range of conditions and problems associated with the management of head and neck endocrine surgery.

V. COURSE OF STUDY AND SCOPE OF TRAINING

A. Academic:

1. Programs must develop a structured curriculum with defined educational goals and objectives. Clinical, basic science and research conferences, as well as seminars and critical literature review activities pertaining to the subspecialty, must be conducted regularly and as scheduled. It is essential that trainee(s) participate in planning and conducting conferences. Both the faculty and trainees must attend and participate in multidisciplinary conferences.
2. Trainees must have the appropriate supervised opportunities to develop skills in providing consultation and communication with colleagues and referring physicians. The program must provide trainees with the opportunity to teach medical students, residents, physicians and other health care professionals.
3. The fellowship training must involve increasing responsibility in both inpatient and outpatient environments and should culminate in significant patient management responsibilities spent within the institution(s) approved as part of the program.
4. Because head and neck endocrine surgery practice is multidisciplinary in nature, it is mandatory that the fellowship program make available educational experiences and faculty interaction with related disciplines, such as endocrinology, diagnostic imaging, nuclear medicine, general surgery, otolaryngology, radiation therapy, pathology, speech pathology, genetic counseling and biostatistics.

B. Clinical:

1. Programs must provide structured clinical opportunities for trainees to develop advanced skills in head and neck endocrine surgery. Exposure to diagnostic imaging, fine needle aspiration cytology and pathology, endocrinology, and nuclear medicine is necessary for adequate training in head and neck endocrine surgery and therefore must be a component of the training curriculum. One month rotations in endocrinology and diagnostic imaging (particularly ultrasound of the neck), are required. Additional rotations in nuclear medicine, cytology and pathology are recommended. The duration of these rotations are to be determined by the fellowship director.
2. On completion of the clinical fellowship in advanced head and neck endocrine surgery, the fellow must have had a cumulative experience as “operating or teaching surgeon” on major cases (including the broad range of head and neck endocrine surgery) involving at least 100 patients. (Procedures such as panendoscopy and tracheostomy, etc. are considered “minor” operations.)
3. A sufficient number and variety of cases must be available for each trainee to assure adequate inpatient and outpatient exposure to the broad range of conditions associated with the management of head and neck endocrine tumors. This experience must not diminish the experience of residents and fellows in the core program or interfering with the experience of other existing fellowship programs.
4. Lines of responsibility must be clearly delineated for trainees and other residents as related to areas of training, clinical duties and duration of training. Such information must be supplied to the Advanced Training Council with the program information forms.
5. The training of head and neck endocrine surgery fellows should enhance the training of residents and training and not detract from the co-existing residents in Otolaryngology/head and neck surgery or General Surgery.

C. Research:

1. An active research component should be encouraged within each program to enhance the educational experience. Although the clinical experience is essential, there must be meaningful supervised research experience for the trainee.
2. If basic science laboratory training is offered, the necessary facilities must be available at the institution under the supervision of a mentor who has demonstrated experience in basic or translational science research evidenced by national grant support, publications in peer-reviewed journals and membership in prestigious societies. The opportunities for clinical and basic science research available during the fellowship and the expectations and requirements should be stipulated. Trainees should be advised and supervised by qualified staff members on the conduct of both clinical and basic science research.

VI. EVALUATION

A. Trainee Evaluation:

1. Program directors must establish procedures for evaluating the clinical and technical competence of trainees. These procedures must include observation, assessment and substantiation of the trainee’s acquired body of knowledge, skills in physical examination and communication, technical proficiency, professional attitudes and humanistic qualities as demonstrated within the clinical setting. The trainee’s abilities in consultation skills, patient management, decision-making and critical analysis of clinical situations also must be evaluated. The evaluation process must include structured feedback on performance, including appropriate counseling and necessary remedial effort, prior to completing the prescribed training period.

2. A documented record of regular periodic evaluation of each trainee must be maintained on at least a semi-annual basis and must be reviewed formally with the trainee. The program must maintain documentation of description of performance evaluations signed by director and trainee. A statement documenting the fellow's satisfactory completion of the training program must be provided by the fellowship program director to the Advanced Training Council.
3. Upon completion of the fellowship training program, the trainee will complete a resume of his/her experience in the respective fellowship training program on the appropriate form provided by the Advanced Training Council. His or her account must include surgical experience with CPT coding and documentation of participation as either surgeon or assistant. This report will be sent to the Secretary of the ATC for filing. Receipt of this report from the Fellow is a pre-requisite for provision of a certificate of graduation from the ATC-approved Fellowship. To facilitate the recording of surgical experience, the Fellows will be offered the computer program Oto-Base.
4. Fellows matriculated into any of the previously-described Fellowship Programs in Head and Neck Endocrine Surgery are strongly encouraged to develop at least one manuscript of publication quality that reflects the major focus of their academic activities during their fellowship period.

B. Faculty Evaluation:

The teaching faculty must also be evaluated by the trainee(s) on a semi-annual basis and this evaluation should include teaching ability and commitment, clinical knowledge and scholarly contributions. This information will be filed by the program director and used as a reference for subsequent accreditations.

C. Program Evaluation:

There should be documented evidence of periodic self-evaluation of the program in relation to the educational goals, the needs of the trainees and the teaching responsibilities of the faculty. This evaluation should include an assessment of the balance between the educational and service components of the program. Records of such evaluations should be available to the site visit team at the time of re-accreditation.

D. Notification of Accreditation Status:

Accreditation action as taken by the Council of the American Head and Neck Society is reported to the program director by a formal letter of notification from the Secretary of the Advanced Training Council. Fellows in a program should be aware of the accreditation status of the program and must be notified of any change in the accreditation status.

Programs seeking the American Head and Neck Society Advanced Training Council approval for training in Head and Neck Endocrine Surgery must complete application for fellowship approval to the Advanced Training Council. Final Advanced Training Council approval requires a site visit and approval to be American Head and Neck Society accreditation.

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